

EXERCISE GUIDE N°2, 2nd lapse

1. **In the following list of verbs, remember the meaning and how the gerund and third person singular are constructed** (En la siguiente lista de verbos, recordar el significado y como se construye el gerundio y la tercera persona del singular).

• Agree.	<i>Be</i>	<i>Believe</i>
• Carry.	<i>Change</i>	<i>Cut</i>
• Cry	<i>Dance</i>	<i>Die</i>
• Do	<i>Drink</i>	<i>Eat.</i>
• Explain	<i>Finish</i>	<i>Fly</i>
• Forbid	<i>Forget</i>	<i>Get</i>
• Give	<i>Go</i>	<i>Have</i>
• Help	<i>Hurry</i>	<i>Know</i>
• Learn	<i>Leave</i>	<i>Lie</i>
• Like	<i>Live</i>	<i>Look</i>
• Make	<i>Mean</i>	<i>Move</i>
• Open	<i>Pay</i>	<i>Play</i>
• Promise	<i>Put</i>	<i>Read</i>
• Remember	<i>Run</i>	<i>Say</i>
• See	<i>Set</i>	<i>Sleep</i>
• Speak	<i>Study</i>	<i>Take</i>
• Talk	<i>Travel</i>	<i>Try</i>
• Use	<i>Visit</i>	<i>Walk</i>
• Watch	<i>Work</i>	<i>Write</i>

2. **Put the correct form of the verb to be and the gerund** (Coloca la forma correcta del verbo to be y el gerundio).

- Tina _____ water. (drink)
- They _____ to France. (travel)
- Fred _____ a pie. (eat/not)
- The weather _____ always _____. (change)
- Janet _____ tea. (have)
- The birds _____. (fly)
- I _____ a letter. (write/not)
- Jane _____ the washing-up at the moment. (do)

- i) Emma _____ on the sofa. (lie)
- j) She _____ TV. (watch / not)

3. **Change the following sentences to their negative form** (Cambia las siguientes oraciones a su forma negativa).

a) She is watching a film

b) I am writing a letter

c) The lady is studying

d) We are travelling to France.

4. **In the following interrogative sentences build the present continuous with the verb that is in parentheses** (En las siguientes frases interrogativas construye el presente continuo del verbo que está en el paréntesis).

a) _____ I _____? (dream)

b) _____ we _____ now? (leave)

c) _____ the kids _____? (play)

d) _____ the bank _____? (close)

e) Why _____ they _____? (run)

f) _____ Adam _____ in Colombia? (live)

g) What movie _____ Mindy and Peter _____ to see? (go)

h) Where _____ they _____ Italian? (learn)

i) How much _____ you _____ for my dinner? (pay)

j) How many sandwiches _____ you _____ for lunch? (make)

5. **Order the following sentences** (ordena las siguientes oraciones).

a) Not / playing / He / volleyball / is / today /

b) Lunch / we / having / all together / are /

- c) Are / going / work / you / home / after /
- d) Studying / class / he / in / is / French
- e) dentist / often / go / do / to / you / the / How / ? /
- f) bacon / usually / people / and / have / for / eggs / Many / breakfast /

6. **Put the adverbs of frequency in the correct place** (Coloca los adverbios de frecuencia en el lugar correcto).

Example:

British people have a quick breakfast. (Usually)

British people usually have a quick breakfast.

a) We have tea in the afternoon. (often)

b) My parents go to bed before midnight. (never)

c) Do you have lunch at school ?. (always)

d) She is happy. (never)

e) They don't drink coffee at night. (usually)

f) I am happy when I finish work early. (sometimes).

7. **Each of the following sentences contains an error. Find it and correct it** (Cada una de las frases siguientes contiene un error. Encuéntralo y corrígelo).

a) *I always am happy when I finish work early.*

b) *Susan has been never to Thailand.*

- c) *Always I try to arrive at the office before 9 a.m.*
- d) *I eat sometimes muesli for breakfast.*
- e) *I always don't remember my keys when I leave the house.*

8. **Complete the following tables** (Complete las siguientes tablas).

a.

Affirmative sentence in the present tense	We travel to France
Affirmative sentence in the present continuous tense	
Negative sentence in the present continuous tense	
Interrogative sentence in the present continuous tense	

b.

Affirmative sentence in the present tense	
Affirmative sentence in the present continuous tense	She is studying for the exam
Negative sentence in the present continuous tense	
Interrogative sentence in the present continuous tense	

c.

Affirmative sentence in the present tense	Adam lives in Colombia
Affirmative sentence in the present continuous tense	
Negative sentence in the present continuous tense	
Interrogative sentence in the present continuous tense	

d.

Affirmative sentence in the present tense	
Affirmative sentence in the present continuous tense	I'm cutting the ingredients for the soup
Negative sentence in the present tense	
Interrogative sentence in the present tense	